

# Clustering by Deep Latent Position Model with Graph Convolutional Network

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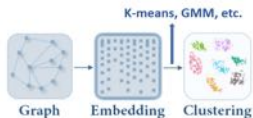
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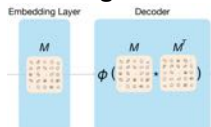
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Most of the existing works for graph clustering

- are two-step embedding models  $\implies$  not **end-to-end** methods

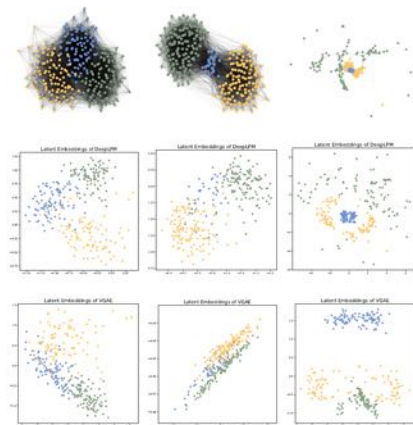


- use an simple inner product as decoder  $\implies$  no **modelling of distances**



Key-features of DeepLPM:

- a LPM-based decoder, modelling the distance between each pair of nodes in the latent space.
- it automatically assigns each node to its cluster, without any additional clustering step.



**Figure:** From top to bottom one sees: the original simulated graphs, the latent embeddings learned by DeepLPM and latent embeddings learned by VGAE.

The generative process is as follows:

$$c_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \mathcal{M}(\mathbf{1}, \pi), \text{ with } \pi \in [0, 1]^K, \sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k = 1, \quad (1)$$

$$z_i | (c_{ik} = 1) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_k, \sigma_k^2 I_P), \text{ with } \sigma_k^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{+*}, \quad (2)$$

$$A_{ij} | z_i, z_j \sim \mathcal{B}(f_{\alpha, \beta}(z_i, z_j)), \quad (3)$$

with

$$f_{\alpha, \beta}(z_i, z_j) = \sigma(\alpha + \beta^T y_{ij} - \|z_i - z_j\|^2). \quad (4)$$

We rely on a variational approach to approximate the log-likelihood with  $\Theta = \{\pi, \mu_k, \sigma_k^2, \alpha, \beta\}$

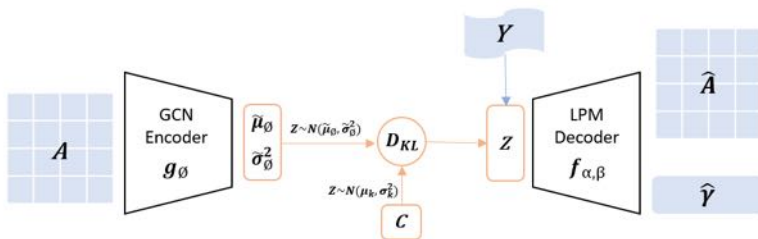
$$\log p(A|\Theta) = \mathcal{L}(q(Z, C); \Theta) + D_{KL}(q(Z, C) || p(Z, C|A, \Theta)), \quad (5)$$

and made following assumptions:

$$q(Z, C) = q(Z)q(C) = \prod_{i=1}^N q(z_i)q(c_i), \quad (6)$$

$$q(z_i) = \mathcal{N}(\tilde{\mu}_\phi(\bar{A})_i, \tilde{\sigma}_\phi^2(\bar{A})_i I_P), \quad (7)$$

$$q(C) = \prod_{i=1}^N \mathcal{M}(c_i; 1, \gamma_i). \quad (8)$$



Scenario A is simulated based on LPCM model.

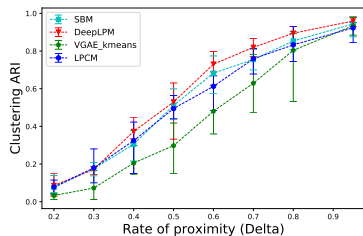


Figure: Clustering ARI in scenario A.

Scenario B is simulated according to SBM model.

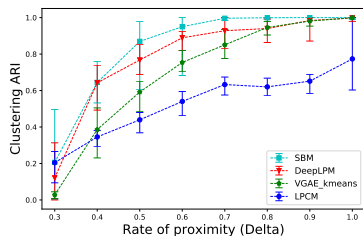


Figure: Clustering ARI in scenario B.

Scenario C is simulated based on circular-structured data.

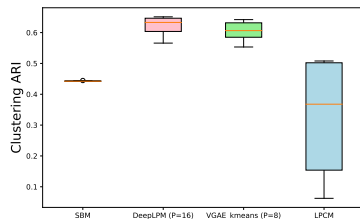


Figure: Clustering ARI in scenario C.

The real-world data comes from Medieval history of Europe.

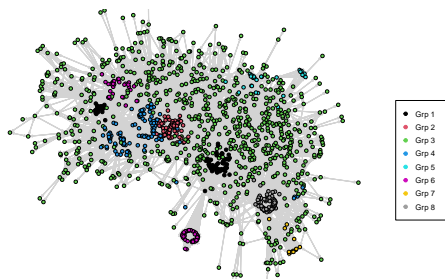


Figure: Cluster partition on the ecclesiastical network.